REMARKS OF HONORABLE HENRY A. WAXMAN

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS CONVENTION

DALLAS, TEXAS

APRIL 5, 1982

THE CABLE-COPYRIGHT COMPROMISE: CAN IT SURVIVE?

AT THE OUTSET, I MUST EXPRESS MY ADMIRATION AND GRATITUDE TO

BOB KASTENMEIER AND TOM RAILSBACK. THEY HAD THE COURAGE TO FACE

AND TENTATIVELY RESOLVE ONE OF THE MOST DIFFICULT AND COMPLEX ISSUES

BEFORE US: THE CONTROVERSY SURROUNDING CABLE-COPYRIGHT PAYMENTS.

THEY DESERVE THE HIGHEST PRAISE FOR THEIR EFFORTS TO SUCCESSFULLY

BRING ALL SIDES TOGETHER.

THE APPROVAL OF HR 5949 BY THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

LAST WEEK WAS AN IMMENSE ACHIEVEMENT. THERE WERE A THOUSAND WAYS

THE COMPROMISE COULD HAVE UNRAVELLED -- AND I THINK THE COMMITTEE

WENT THROUGH 999 OF THEM -- BARELY ONE THAT COULD HAVE HELD.

I BELIEVE IT IMPORTANT FOR THE COMMERCE COMMITTEE TO PROMPTLY
REVIEW THIS LEGISLATION, TO HEAR OUT THE VIEWS OF ALL AFFECTED

PARTIES, AND TO FOCUS OUR DELIBERATIONS ON CEMENTING THE

ACCORD THAT HAS BEEN REACHED,

THE CABLE-COPYRIGHT ISSUE HAS TROUBLED ME GREATLY. IT HAS PITTED WHAT I HAVE LONG CONSIDERED TO BE TWO NATURAL ALLIES -- PROGRAM PRODUCERS AND CABLE -- AGAINST EACH OTHER.

IT HAS POSED AN UNATTRACTIVE CHOICE BETWEEN DIVERSITY

(BECAUSE OF CABLE'S ABILITY TO DELIVER AN ABUNDANCE OF PROGRAMMING)

AND EQUITY TO PRODUCERS THROUGH FAIRER COPYRIGHT PAYMENTS (WHICH

MAY FORCE CABLE TO CUT BACK ON PROGRAM PURCHASES).

AND ONCE AGAIN, WE ARE CONFRONTED WITH A CONTROVERSY WHOSE ROOTS LIE IN THE VERY TECHNOLOGICAL REVOLUTION WE WISH TO HARNESS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

As in the Betamax case, sophisticated technologies threaten

THE VERY PROTECTION OF BASIC PROPERTY RIGHTS -- RIGHTS ACKNOWLEDGED

DIRECTLY IN THE CONSTITUTION ITSELF.

THE DILEMMA BETWEEN ACCESS AND EQUITY, BETWEEN DEMAND FOR PROGRAMMING AND ITS CONTINUED AVAILABILITY, IS INCREASING IN BOTH INTENSITY AND SCOPE -- FROM XEROX, TO CABLE, TO BETAMAX, TO THE EARTH STATION.

I GREATLY FEAR FOR THE ABILITY OF THE LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

TO COPE WITH THESE STRAINS, FOR THE SIMPLE REASON THAT TECHNOLOGICAL

BREAKTHROUGHS OCCUR MUCH MORE RAPIDLY THAN LEGISLATIVE BREAKTHROUGHS.

IT TOOK LESS THAN 4 YEARS FOR THE 1976 CABLE-COPYRIGHT AGREEMENT
TO BEGIN TO DECAY. BY LAST YEAR, IT WAS APPARENT THAT EITHER A

NEW COMPROMISE WAS TO BE REACHED, OR THE COPYRIGHT ROYALTY TRIBUNAL WAS TO BE DISMEMBERED.

THERE ARE EXCEPTIONALLY COMPELLING ARGUMENTS ON BOTH SIDES.

FROM CABLE'S PERSPECTIVE, THE COPYRIGHT POOL UNDER THE

COMPULSORY LICENSE HAD EXCEEDED ALL EXPECTATIONS, GROWING TO OVER

\$20 MILLION BY 1931. THE INDUSTRY WAS PAYING MORE FOR PROGRAMMING

THAT COMPRISED AN EVER -DECLINING SHARE OF ITS OVERALL SERVICES.

If there were a free market in copyright negotiations, Cable argued,

IT WOULD BE A LOGISTICAL NIGHTMARE -- AN UNFAIR AND UNNECESSARY

BURDEN.

FROM THE PERSPECTIVE OF PROGRAM PRODUCERS, THE CURRENT SYSTEM
WAS NOTHING LESS THAN A GOVERNMENT-IMPOSED PRICE-FIXING SCHEME

THAT BENEFITTED A MULTI-BILLION DOLLAR INDUSTRY -- CABLE -- AT

THE EXPENSE OF THE CREATIVE COMMUNITY.

I TEND TO SUSPECT THAT THE HEART OF THE ISSUE FOR PROGRAM

PRODUCERS WAS NOT HOW MUCH WAS ACTUALLY BEING PAID BY CABLE -
ALTHOUGH THAT WAS SURELY A SUBSTANTIAL CONCERN -- BUT THE FACT

THAT THE REVENUES DID NOT FLOW FROM FREE-AND-CLEAR, GIVE-AND-TAKE

NEGOTIATIONS WITH CABLE. IT WAS THE METHOD OF THE MADNESS THAT

WAS SO TROUBLING.

IT SEEMS TO ME THAT THERE ARE BUT TWO CHOICES FOR CONGRESS:

TO ADJUST THE EXISTING MECHANISM OR TO JETTISON THE WHOLE THING.

GIVEN THE POWERFUL CONSTITUENCIES INVOLVED, THERE REALLY IS ONLY

ONE POLITICAL REALITY: TO REACH A REASONABLE COMPROMISE. NO ONE

ON COMMERCE, AND NO ONE ON JUDICIARY, WISHES TO PRESIDE OVER A

BATTLE BETWEEN CABLE, PRODUCERS, AND BROADCASTERS.

HR 5949 MEETS THE TEST OF POLITICAL REALITY.

FOR CABLE, BOTH THE COMPULSORY LICENSE AND ACCESS TO DISTANT SIGNALS IS CONTINUED.

FOR CABLE, BOTH THE COMPULSORY LICENSE AND ACCESS TO DISTANT SIGNALS IS CONTINUED.

FOR BROADCASTERS, SYNDICATED EXCLUSIVITY CAN BE REINSTATED,

AND THE "MUST CARRY" PROVISIONS ARE RETAINED.

FOR PROGRAM PRODUCERS, THE RATES PAID BY CABLE WILL CONTINUE
TO INCREASE IN THE FUTURE.

ALTHOUGH THIS COMPROMISE CAN BE SAID TO MEET THE LEGITIMATE INTERESTS AND GENERALLY RESOLVE THE CONFLICTING CLAIMS OF ALL INVOLVED, I WONDER WHETHER IT WILL, INDEED, ENDURE.

WE ARE LAWMAKERS -- NOT ENGINEERS. AS THE EMERGENCE OF "SUPERSTATIONS" DISRUPTED THE 1976 AGREEMENT, NEW AND UNANTICIPATED DELIVERY SERVICES MAY EMERGE TO DISRUPT THIS ONE -- 2, 3, OR 5

YEARS FROM NOW. ONCE AGAIN, THE TECHNOLOGY MAY OUTRUN OUR ABILITY
TO FAIRLY GOVERN ITS USE.

THE ADMINISTRATION HAS STATED ITS OPPOSITION TO THIS LEGISLATION.

CONSISTENT WITH ITS BELIEF THAT THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD NOT INTERFERE

WITH THE MARKETPLACE, THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT HAS URGED ABOLITION

OF THE TRIBUNAL AND THE COMPULSORY LICENSE FOR CABLE.

IT SEEMS TO ME THAT THE APPEAL OF DEREGULATION, OF THE FREE MARKET, IS GROWING, NOT DECLINING. THE NAR, OF COURSE, HAS BEEN IN THE FOREFRONT OF EFFORTS TO DEREGULATE BROADCASTING. YOU KNOW WHICH WAY THE WIND IS BLOWING.

ALTHOUGH HR 5949 MAY WELL REPRESENT THE POLITICAL IMPERATIVE OF THE MOMENT, I BELIEVE CABLE'S DAY OF RECKONING WITH THE FREE MARKET IS COMING, AND THAT THE INDUSTRY SHOULD BEGIN TO PREPARE ITSELF TO FACE UP TO IT.

Although I am pleased to lend my assistance to a compromise endorsed by so many, I do not believe we have reached the end of our story, with everyone living happily every after.

I INTEND TO STAY TUNED.

THANK YOU